

Using *GRE*[®] scores *successfully*

Guidelines for identifying the best applicants

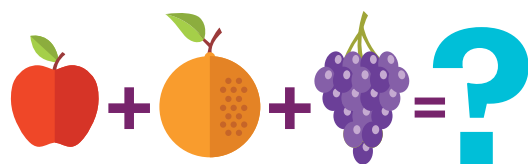


1

Use multiple criteria, including *GRE*[®] scores, in admissions decisions. This helps ensure fairness and balances the limitations of any single measure of knowledge, skills or abilities.

Be more inclusive by avoiding the use of a cut score. *GRE* scores help you compare applicants, but if you use a cut score as a criterion, you could miss an applicant who would be a great asset to your program.

2



Consider scores on the three *GRE*[®] General Test measures independently.

The level of verbal reasoning, quantitative reasoning and analytical writing skills needed for success in your field may vary. Using a single score masks critical information about that individual's specific skills.

3

4

Use percentile ranks to compare applicants who took the same admissions test. It is not appropriate to use percentile ranks to compare applicants across different admissions tests (e.g., *GRE* scores with *GMAT*[®] scores or *LSAT*[®] scores). Instead, use the appropriate *GRE* Comparison Tools to interpret *GRE* scores in the context of *GMAT* scores or *LSAT* scores:
ets.org/gre/business/comparison or
ets.org/gre/law/comparison.



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To get information about using *GRE* scores, score interpretation resources, holistic admissions and best practices, fairness and validity information, and more, visit ets.org/gre/institutions.